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Vienna, *May* 20.

TO morrow Prince *William* of *Furſtemberg*, upon his repeated inſtances will be admitted to an Audience of the Emperor, and then in a day or two he will part hence for *France*. From *Hungary* we have an account, that the Malecontents have applyed themſelves to the Port for aſſiſtance, and that in all probability they would obtain it; and hereupon the Emperor as we are told has ſent orders to ſeveral Regiments quartered in *Sileſia* and *Moravia*, to march towards *Hungary* to join the Forces commanded by Count *Leſlie*; but at the ſame time the conſultations are continued for the finding out a way to compoſe things, and particularly to divert the Hungarians from having recourſe to the Turks for ſuccor, which might involve the Emperor in a War with them.

Hamburg, *May* 26. There are four *Brandenburg* Capers cruiſing before the mouth of this River, the 2 biggeſt being mounted with 36 and 30 Guns apiece, and the other two with 12 each. The King of *Sueden*, as we are informed, has abſolutely refuſed to ratifie the Treaty concluded at *Zell* by Monſieur *Rabenac* the French Miniſter; but at the ſame time has ſent Monſieur *Clay* to thoſe Princes to treat with them. We are expecting to hear of *Mindens* being beſieged by the French, for our advices tell us, that Monſieur *Calvo* is marching with a Body of 15 or 16000 men that way.

Hamburg, *May* 30. The four *Brandenburg* Capers, which we told you in our laſt were cruiſing before the Mouth of this River, have been joined by nine Daniſh Men of War, and have taken two or three Ships of different Nations; the news of which occaſioned an extraordinary meeting of the Senate laſt night, who reſolved to ſend away an Advice-boat to meet their Ships, now coming home from *Spain*, *France* and *Portugal*, and to direct them to put into the *Texel* or the *Vlie*, and there to remain till farther order. The Elector of *Brandenburg*, as our Letters from *Berlin* adviſe, finding the Negotiation of his Miniſters, at *Nimeguen*, as well as at *Paris*, like to prove fruitleſs, is preparing to go to his Army, which is now poſted near *Minden*, conſiſting in 15000 men, and will be reinforced by freſh Supplies that are marching to it; and becauſe there is reaſon to believe the Enemy may beſiege *Minden*, the Governor of the place is preparing for it, by ſending away all unneceſſary people, and by pulling down all the houſes without the Walls. The Letters from *Copenhagen* inform us, that that King intends onely to leave Gariſons in *Landſcroone* and *Helſenburg*, and to turn all his Force towards *Holſtein*, having appointed the Rendezvous of his Army on the 27 inſtant near *Sleſwicke*. The reports that have been ſpread abroad, and ſo long continued concerning the death of the King of *Sueden*, are now ſufficiently confuted.

Copenhagen, *May* 27. The Envoy from the Elector of *Saxony*, who comes to offer his Maſters Mediation for the putting an end to the War, has had Audience of the King, and Commiſſioners are appointed to meet with him, and to receive his Propoſitions. We are told, that the King has agreed upon the Overture made by the French Ambaſſador with the King of *Sueden*, to ſend Deputies to any fit place in *Schonen* to treat with the ſaid Ambaſſador and ſuch perſons as ſhall be appointed by the King of *Sueden*.

Francfort, *May* 25. The Emperor thinking it neceſſary that a ſtanding Army ſhould for the ſecurity of the Empire be kept on foot, commanded his Miniſters, ſince the concluſion of the Peace with *France*, to propoſe to the States of the Circles of *Franconia* and *Suabia* to receive into their Pay part of the Imperial Troops now on foot, which would otherwiſe be disbanded, or elſe to raiſe their quota's of 60000 men, which it was meant ſhould be the number of the ſaid ſtanding Army. Thoſe Circles declined the firſt, but agreed to make good their part of an Army of 30000, which they think ſufficient; and accordingly *Suabia* will raiſe and pay 2800 men, and *Franconia* 2200; and this Army its ſaid ſhall be commanded by the Duke of *Lorrain* as perpetual General. The French having orders to treat the Duke of *Lorrain* and all ſuch as appertain to him as Enemies, that Duke has put the Troops that have hitherto ſerved under his name into the Emperors ſervice, and has given the French an account of it, but they it ſeems are not ſatisfied therewith.

Strasburg, *May* 26. The Imperial Troops that were in Gariſon here, begin to march from hence. The four Companies of Suiſſers have orders to do the like; and it's ſaid they are to go to *Geneva*, which City is it ſeems in ſome apprehenſion of the deſigns of the Duke of *Savoy*. The French continne in their quarters as before the Peace.

Lipſtadt, *May* 27. This day Monſieur *Calvo* came hither, and was received with a diſcharge of all the Cannon about the place; he was with our Governor Monſieur *Sourdis* to viſit the Fortifications, and after dinner returned to his Troops, which are quartered at *Lunen*, *Ham*, *Unna*, and other places in the Country of *Marke*. It is ſaid that Monſieur *Calvo* will now draw his Forces together, and paſs the River *Lippe*, and ſo follow the *Brandenburg* Troops under the command of Lieutenant General *Spaen*, who are retiring towards *Minden*, which place it's the general opinion the French will attack.

Cologne, *May* 30. The 28 inſtant arrived here the Biſhop of *Strasburg*, who has not yet ſeen our Elector, but has been complimented by the Magiſtrates of this City; and this day the Chapter of our Cathedral Church meets, and the ſaid Biſhop will be there as Preſident. The Count *d'Ottingen*, who was ſent hither by the Emperor, to endeavor to diſpoſe our Elector to admit of a Coadjutor, and in caſe he ſucceeded therein, to employ his intereſt for the

chooſing